

Page 01 of 02

TO DECREASE pH IN SWIMMING AND JACUZZI POOL

PHYSICAL DATA

Appearance: White crystal powder Solubility in water: 162 6/100 ml C 25°C.

Note: pH MINUS can be supplied also in liquid form.

DESCRIPTION

pH MINUS lowers the pH and total alkalinity of swimming pool water. The pH should be maintained between 7.2 and 7.6 for best sanitizer performance. Reduced corrosion, and reduced eye irritation or skin dryness. Measure pH before each addition of sanitizer. To prevent excessive pH variations, maintain total alkalinity between 60 and 120 parts per million ppm. Test for total alkalinity monthly with a 4 way test kit. See below if total alkalinity is light.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

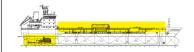
High TOTAL ALKALINITY: Ideal alkalinity range is 60-120 ppm. If alkalinity is high, add 2 lbs (1 Kg). of this product per 10,000 gals (40 cubic meters).

To lower total alkalinity approximately 10 ppm. With the circulation pump running, add this product IN ONE SPOT at the deep end of the pool away from the walls and metal fixtures. Repeat each day until desired alkalinity is reached.

DOSAGE OF pH MINUS IN OUNCES AND (GRAMS)

WATER VOLUME		pH 7.6-7.9		pH 8.0-8.4		pH above 8.4	
Gallons	Cubic Meters	ounces	grams	ounces	grams	ounces	grams
2,500	10	2	60	4	110	6	110
5,000	20	4	110	8	230	12	340
10,000	40	8	230	16	450	24	680
20,000	80	16	450	32	900	48	1360





Page 02 of 02

TO DETERMINE POOL CAPACITY IN U.S. GALLONS

RECTANGULAR: multiply length (ft.) x width (ft.) x average depth (ft.) x 7.5 ROUND: multiply diameter (ft.) x diameter (ft.) x average depth (ft.) x 5.9

OVAL: multiply long distance diameter (ft.) x short diameter (ft.) x average depth (ft.) x 5.9

TO DETERMINE POOL CAPACITY IN CUBIC METERS

RECTANGULAR: multiply length (mt.) x width (mt.) x average depth (mt.) ROUND: multiply diameter (mt.) x diameter (mt.) x average depth (mt.) x 0.78 OVAL: multiply max length (mt.) x max witdth (mt.) x depth (mt.) 0.89

DIRECTION FOR USE

- 1. Measure pH of the pool water.
- 2. Determine dosage requirement from the table next page. Note: never add more than 32 oz. per 10,000 gallons (900 gr x 40 cubic meters) of water at any one time. If more is needed, wait 24 hours, re-check pH and add as required.
- 3. Scatter this product over the pool surface.

CAUTION

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS. Highly corrosive. Causes severe burns. Causes skin and eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Irritating to the nose and throat. Avoid breathing dust. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

FIRST AID

EXTERNAL: Flush with water 15 minutes

INTERNAL - Drink large quantities of water. Follow with milk of magnesia, vegetable oil, beaten eggs. Call a physician immediately. EYES - Wash with water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention promptly - Do not inhale dust. Do not add water to product in container as severe reaction may result. Do not mix with other pool chemicals. Do not apply near metal fittings or near pool skimmer. Rinse empty container before discarding.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Keep this product dry in a tightly closed container, when not in use. Store in cool, dry well ventilated area away from heat or open flame. In case of decomposition, isolate container (if possible) and flood area with large amounts of water to dissolve all materials before discarding this container.

Do not re-use empty container. Rinse and place in trash collection.

Do not contaminate food or feed by storage or disposal, or cleaning of equipment.

IMPORTANT: WHILE THE DESCRIPTIONS, DESIGNS, DATA AND INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN ARE PRESENTED IN GOOD FAITH AND BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE, THIS INFORMATION IS PROVIDED FOR YOUR GUIDANCE ONLY. BECAUSE MANY FACTORS MAY AFFECT PROCESSING OR APPLICATION/USE, WE RECOMMEND THAT YOU DO A TEST TO DETERMINE THE SUITABILITY OF A PRODUCT FOR YOUR PARTICULAR PURPOSE PRIOR TO USE. NO WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE MADE REGARDING PRODUCTS DESCRIBED OR DESIGNS, DATA OR INFORMATION SET FORTH, OR THAT THE PRODUCTS, DESIGNS, DATA OR INFORMATION MAY BE USED WITHOUT INFRINGING THE INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS OF OTHERS. IN NO CASE SHALL THE DESCRIPTIONS, INFORMATION, DATA OR DESIGNS PROVIDED BE CONSIDERED A PART OF OUR TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE. FURTHER, YOU EXPRESSLY UNDERSTAND AND AGREE THAT THE DESCRIPTIONS, DESIGNS, DATA AND INFORMATION FURNISHED BY URRUTY GG NIEGO SRL HEREUNDER ARE GIVEN GRATIS, AND URRUTY GG NIEGO SRL ASSUMES NO OBLIGATION OR LIABILITY FOR THE DESCRIPTION, DESIGNS, DATA AND INFORMATION GIVEN OR RESULTS OBTAINED, ALL SUCH BEING GIVEN AND ACCEPTED AT YOUR RISK.





Rev. 008

Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance / preparation and the Company

1.1 Identification of the substance or preparation

Product name PH MINUS

Chemical name and synonym SULPHURIC ACID SOLUTION

1.2 Use of the

substance / preparation

Intended use PH LOWERING COMPOUND

1.3 Company identification

Name Urruty gg Niego S.r.l.

Full address Via al Santuario di N.S. Guardia 58 a

District and Country 16162 Genova Bolzaneto (GE)

Italia

Tel. + 39 010 711395 Fax + 39 010 713120

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

info@uniservicemarine.com

1.4 Emergency telephone

First Aid Information: Centro Antiveleni Milano -

For urgent inquiries Niguarda

refer to Phone: 02 - 66101029 (specialized in chemical

products poisoning).





Rev. 008

2. Hazards Identification

2.1 Substance/Preparation Classification

This product is dangerous under 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC directives and subsequent amendments. Therefore, this product requires a safety data sheet according to the Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments. Further information on health and/or environmental hazards can be found in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Danger Symbols: C
R phrases: 35

2.2 Danger Identification CAUSES SEVERE BURNS.

3. Composition / Information on ingredients

Contains:

Name Concentration % (C) Classification

SULPHURIC ACID 50 <= C < 54 C R35

CAS No 7664-93-9 Note B

CE No 231-639-5
Index No 016-020-00-8

The complete text of -R- phrases is specified in section 16.

4. First aid measures

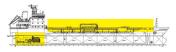
EYES: Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical advice.

SKIN: Immediately wash with plenty of water. Remove all contaminated clothing. Obtain immediate medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing separately before using them again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Obtain immediate medical attention.

INGESTION: Obtain immediate medical attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Give nothing by mouth to an unconscious person.





Rev. 008

5. Fire-fighting measures

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

The extinction equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and nebulised water.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA WHICH SHALL NOT BE USED FOR SAFETY REASONS None in particular.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products (carbon oxide, toxic pyrolysis products, etc).

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Hardhat with visor, fireproof clothing (fireproof jacket and trousers with straps around arms, legs and waist), work gloves (fireproof, cut proof and dielectric), a depressurised mask with facemask covering the whole of the operator's face or a self-respirator (self-protector) in the event of large quantities of fume.

6. Accidental release measures

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS

Wear appropriate protective equipment. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use breathing equipment if fumes or powders are released into the air. Block the leakage if there is no hazard. Do not handle damaged containers or the leaked product before donning appropriate protective gear. For information on risks for the environmental and health, respiratory tract protection, ventilation and personal protection equipment, refer to the other sections of this sheet.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

The product must not penetrate the sewers, surface water, ground water and neighbouring areas. Dilute the product well with water after collection.

METHODS FOR CLEANING UP

Suck the liquid into a suitable container (made of material not incompatible with the product) and soak up any leaked product with absorbent inert material (sand, vermiculite, diatomeous earth, Kieselguhr, tripoli powder, universal cement, etc). Neutralise remaining material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.



7. Handling and storage

Make sure that equipment is available for cooling the vessels, to prevent the danger of overpressure and overheating in the event of fire in the vicinity. Refer to the other sections of this data sheet for information relating to health and environmental risks.

8. Exposure control / personal protection.

8.1 Exposure limit values

Name	Туре	Country	TWA/8h STEL/15mi		ōmin	
			mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
SULPHURIC ACID						
	TLV-ACGIH		0,2			
	OEL	IRL	1			

8.2 Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protection equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration or bad air vent. If such operations do not make it possible to keep the concentration of the product below the permitted workplace exposure thresholds a suitable respiratory tract protection must be used. See product label for hazard details during use. Ask your chemical substance suppliers for advice when choosing personal protection equipment. Personal protection equipment must comply with the rules in force indicated below.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III (ref. Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN 374) work gloves, such as those in PVA, butyl, fluoroelastomer or equivalent. The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, breakage times and permeation. Work glove resistance to preparations should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. Gloves' limit depends on the duration of exposure.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear hood visor or protective visor together with airtight goggles (ref. standard EN 166)

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (ref. Directive 89/686/CEE and standard EN 344). Wash body with soap and water after removing overalls.





Rev. 008

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value for one or more of the substances present in the preparation for daily exposure in the workplace or to a fraction established by the company's prevention and protection service is exceeded, wear a mask with an E or universal filter, the class (1, 2 or 3) of which must be chosen according to the limit concentration of use (ref. standard EN 141).

The use of breathing protection equipment, such as masks with organic vapour and dust/mist cartridges, is necessary in the absence of technical measures limiting worker exposure. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance in question is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relative exposure limit and in the event of an emergency, or when exposure levels are unknown or the concentration of oxygen in the workplace is less than 17% volume, wear self-contained, open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. standard EN 137) or fresh air hose breathing apparatus for use with full face mask, half mask or mouthpiece (ref. standard EN 138).

An emergency eye washing and shower system must be provided.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Colour Not available

Odour pungent
Appearance liquid
Solubility soluble

Vapour density

Evaporation speed

Comburent properties

Not available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Not available

pH 3,20

Boiling point Not available

Flash point >61°C

Explosive properties

Not available
Vapour pressure

Not available
1,397g/ml

10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Due to thermal decomposition or in the event of a fire vapours may be produced potentially dangerous to health.

800

ph MINUS





Sulphuric acid is a strong oxidizing agent and reacts violently with combustible agents, reducing agents, water, organic bases and compounds. Corrodes clothing and wood. Its behaviour against metals depends on its concentration.

11. Toxicological information

This product is corrosive and causes serious burns and vesicles on the skin, which can arise even after exposure. Burns are very stinging and painful. Upon contact with eyes, it may cause serious harm, such as cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration. Possible vapours are caustic for the respiratory system and may cause pulmonary edema, whose symptoms sometimes arise only after some hours. Exposure symptoms may include: sting, cough, asthma, laryngitis, respiratory disorders, headache, nausea and sickness. If swallowed, it may cause mouth, throat and oesophagus burns, sickness, diarrhoea, edema, larynx swelling and, consequently, asphyxia. Perforation of the gastro-intestinal tract is also possible.

SULPHURIC ACID: oral LD50 (mg/kg) 2140 (RAT); inhalation LC50 (rat) 0,51 mg/l/2h.

12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or contaminate soil or vegetation.

13. Disposal consideration

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.





Rev. 008

14. Transport information

These goods must be transported by vehicles authorized to the carriage of dangerous goods according to the provisions set out in the current edition of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and in all the applicable national regulations. These goods must be packed in their original packagings or in packagings made of materials resistant to their content and not reacting dangerously with it. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all the risks deriving from these substances and on all actions that must be taken in case of emergency situations.

Road and rail transport:

ADR/RID Class:	8
UN:	1830
Packing Group:	II
Label:	8
Nr. Kemler:	80
Limited Quantity	LQ22
Tunnel restriction code	(E)



Proper Shipping Name: Sulphuric acid solution

Carriage by sea (shipping):

IMO Class:	8
UN:	1830
Packing Group:	II
Label:	8

EMS: F-A, S-B

Marine Pollutant NO

Proper Shipping Name: SULPHURIC ACID SOLUTION

Transport by air:

IATA:	8
UN:	1830
Packing Group:	II
Label:	8

Cargo:

Packaging instructions: 813
Maximum quantity: 30 L

Pass.:

Packaging instructions: 809
Maximum quantity: 1 L

Proper Shipping Name: SULPHURIC ACID SOLUTION









Rev. 008

15. Regulatory information



CORROSIVE

R35	CAUSES SEVERE BURNS.
S26	IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH EYES, RINSE IMMEDIATELY WITH PLENTY OF WATER AND
	SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE.
S28	AFTER CONTACT WITH SKIN, WASH IMMEDIATELY WITH PLENTY OF (TO BE
	SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER).
S36/37/39	WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING, GLOVES AND EYE/FACE PROTECTION.

S45 IN CASE OF ACCIDENT OR IF YOU FEEL UNWELL, SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE IMMEDIATELY

(SHOW THE LABEL WHERE POSSIBLE).

Contains: SULPHURIC ACID

Danger labelling under directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and following amendments and adjustments.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.





Rev. 008

16. Other information

Text of (R) phrases quoted in section 3 of the sheet.

R35 CAUSES SEVERE BURNS.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments;
- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments (technical adjustment XXIX);
- 3. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament;
- 4. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament;
- 5. The Merck Index. 10th Edition;
- 6. Handling Chemical Safety;
- 7. Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances;
- 8. INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet);
- 9. Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology;
- 10. N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition;

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product .

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Changes to previous review
The following sections were modified:
08 / 13 / 14